

Theoretical and instrumental principles of the impact of migration on sustainable development of the country

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Abstract

There is a growing intellectual interest in issues associated with migration. The literature on migration is continuously growing due to this trend. However, theorization of instrumental principles of migration and its impact on sustainable development of the country is not strong enough compared to other branches of international transactions. This may be due to the fact of the complexity and diversity of the area covered by migration. The paper focuses mainly on the overview of migration, presentation of instrumental principles of migration, this paper also showcases the impacts of these instrumental principles on the sustainable development of the country and therefore offers suggestions and recommendations.

Keywords: migration, theories and instrumental principles, development, country

1 Introduction

International migration as a practice has a long history with some turning points. Disintegration of the middle age societies and accompanied changes such as renaissance, commercial revolution, colonization, agricultural revolutions, industrial revolution, emergence of free market societies, modern education, and technological advancement are some prominent factors which have contributed to the growth of international migration. In the recent past, globalization has further enhanced migration, mainly through revolutionary changes in information technology. Economic blocks like the European Union have opened the gates of international migration in their member countries. The initial financial cost of migration has been drastically reduced due to low transport costs, cheap accommodation facilities, online travel arrangements, and availability of reliable destinations with low cost insurance packages (Massey, 1994). Similarly, international conventions on migrants, peaceful environment in many parts of the world, encouragement of skilled and professional labour migration, and modern low cost communication facilities have become major incentives for international migration. Natural disasters and man-made disasters such as wars, conflicts and deteriorating political environments at present further contribute towards migration. The paper's intention is to highlight the impacts of theoretical and instrumental principles of migration and a recent trending instrumental principle of migration in most migrants destination countries is a principle that attract and retain high skilled migrants and this principle has proved to be effective and one of the economic booster because it fills the gap in terms of labour shortage in recipient countries and leads to economic development in home countries of migrants through remittance, Foreign direct investment, bilateral trade agreement between host and home countries,

skills and technology transfer and cultural diversity.

2 Overview

This paper addresses the following issues:

1. The main attributes of theoretical and instrumental principles of migration.
2. Theoretical and instrumental principles of migration on the sustainable development of a nation.
3. Theoretical and instrument principles of migration on the socioeconomic development of Rwandans and Ukrainians.

3 Decision

After intensively analysing and verifying all the above hypothesis through secondary data collection and primary data collection through questionnaire surveys and interviews all hypothesis are considered because theoretical and instrumental principles are proved to having a tremendous impact on regulating, controlling, managing as well as attracting a desired number of migrants in most countries which therefore leads to sustainable development in host and home countries through bridging the gap in needed occupation lists, technology and skills transfer, remittances where for example the statistical numbers show that \$ 466 billion were sent by migrants to their home countries in terms of remittances 2017 and \$ 618 billion to high-income countries (Bank, 2017) and countries such as: Canada, USA, Australia, Germany witness the impact of theoretical and instrumental principles of migration that primarily cater labour migrants to have played a significant role in attracting low and skilled migrants who not only filled the gap in labour shortages but also contributed greatly on the above mentioned countries and Rwanda witnessed the contribution of its migrants through remittances and

2016 report show that Rwanda collected \$ 252 million in terms of remittances (statistics, 2016) and Ukraine received an approximate of \$ 11 billion in terms of remittances in 2018 (bank, 2018) and this amount increased dramatically due to the introduction of free visa regime to EU for Ukrainians as well as the relaxation of work permit to Ukrainians which boosted up the EU member states 'economies as well as the Ukrainian economy and also extremely reduced the number of people living below the poverty line in Ukraine from 1.30 (bank, 2018) and the free movement of labour especially seasonal Ukrainian workers in The EU is one of the key factors to make this poverty headcount ratio possible. All these above mentioned reasons prove how well established theoretical and instrumental principles of migration alleviate people's standard of living

as well as boosting up economies in host and home countries of workers' migrants.

4 Conclusion

In a nutshell, if labour migration is effectively coordinated, properly managed and strongly regulated through a well-established and defined theoretical and instrumental principles of migration can be of a profound benefit for both host and home country by reducing the disparity between labour shortage and a labour surplus, it can also lead to domestic business development through both foreign direct investment and remittances that therefore lead to a sustainable development.

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