

# Foreign experience of providing socio-economic security of the region

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## Abstract

Regions worldwide play significant role in creating the state socio-economic policy, take an active part in ensuring economic security. The world experience of providing social and economic security of the region is investigated. Objects, tools, innovations and directions for stimulating economic growth and ensuring socio-economic security in the region are identified. Authored by in economically developed countries, science plays the role of a major economic and regenerative factor, enabling creation and implementation of more effective development concepts at all levelp.

*Keywords:* socio-economic security region

## 1 Introduction

The annual World Economic Forum in Davos (Switzerland) constantly discusses experience of different countries worldwide regarding economic models of development. Each national economic system is unique and mechanical borrowing of its achievements is impossible. It is necessary to identify the most attractive sides of different economic models, as well as their causes and mechanisms of reproduction. The efficiency of an economic model is determined by its viability, ability to respond constantly and adequately to internal and external imbalances [1, p. 187].

Co-operation between territorial units is an important tool against territorial separation and division. In the legislation of individual countries this kind of cooperation between territories is defined by special legislation, in particular, in Germany, Hungary and Italy. In other countries, the state has a significant influence on territorial entities of intermediate level, since it derives from the nature of the state itself – to regulate or control the activities of lower-level territorial communities. In unitary countries, such as Ukraine, for example, the central government reserves the right to regulate relations between territorial communities of all levels: provincial, local, regional, and etc. All overseas examples of territorial development successful regulation were provided by not only high economic potential of states and individual territories, but also by sufficiently developed legislation, highly qualified and moderately corrupt officialp. All of these are not available in our present-days country.

As the world experience shows, combination of centralized and decentralized approaches to forming a regional economy and ensuring economic security, taking into account the national specificity of Ukraine, can have the best effect [2]. We suggest considering a generalized foreign experience in the main areas and their content (Figure 1)

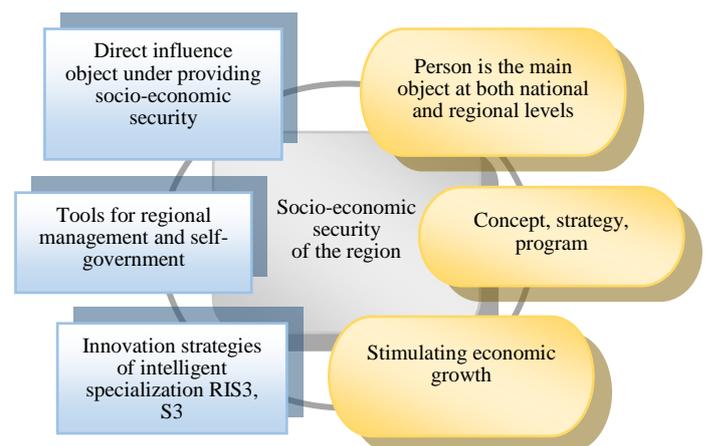


Figure 1 The most interesting foreign experience of providing socio-economic security of the region

Analysis of economic and organizational foundations of local self-government functioning in other countries is very useful for Ukraine as for a country striving to become truly democratic. A proper understanding and effective use of experience of improving the local self-government basics are needed when pursuing fiscal decentralization reform.

Identification of new institutional characteristics of local self-government in terms of transformation of the country's social system, is achieved by generalization of its formation and positive experience development, substantiation of options for effective territorial organization, productive distribution of powers, between municipalities of different typep. Regional programming appears to be effective, which is a specific complex systemic state influence on local regional situations, first of all, aimed at developing the most promising nationally and withdrawing certain territories from the depressed state through the spatial forms of its organization. Regional

programming, being a system of medium and long-term development programs, actively influences the processes of the territories economy development.

In economically developed countries, science plays the role of a major economic and regenerative factor, enabling creation and implementation of more effective development concepts at all levels. The level of budget expenditures on science and education is indicator of potential opportunities for territorial and national economies development. For Ukraine, such a turn in methodology of space organization is rather new, since in the pre-reform period the deductive approach – from general to elementary – dominated. The new methodology assumes simultaneous solution of both the problems of an individual and particular territorial community (community).

Summarizing the results of research carried out by a team

of scientists [3, p. 97-98] we will compare different indicator systems used for regional studies. In general, we can point out imperfection of the Ukrainian system of indicators for researching the socio-economic condition of the region [4].

Systems of indicator that are used, for example, in the US are the most generalized. In France, the indicator system is more focused on economic outcome and control of inflationary trend. Russia's indicator systems are closely linked to reform programs and socio-economic development. Indicators used to assess the level of economic security must be consistent with the national economic security model chosen.

Ukraine needs a unified, scientifically sound system of indicators for the socio-economic development of the region, which will be used by scientists, authorities and otherp.

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